

norfolk botanical garden

10% OFF FOR MEMBERS ON ALL PURCHASES

Fall 2024 Plant Sale Catalog & Guide

FALL PLANT SALE DATES

**Friday—Sunday,
October 18—20**

**Members Only:
Fri. 10 AM—4 PM**

**Open to Everyone:
Sat. & Sun. 10 AM—4 PM**

**6700 Azalea Garden Road
Norfolk, VA 23518
IDigNBG.org**

Trees

Sun Shrubs

Shade Shrubs

Native Azaleas

Edibles

Miscellaneous

WELCOME

to the NBG Fall Plant Sale

THE MISSION OF NORFOLK BOTANICAL GARDEN:
IMMERSE VISITORS IN A WORLD OF BEAUTY
LEAD THROUGH ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION
INSPIRE THROUGH EDUCATION AND CONNECTION TO NATURE



American
Public Gardens
Association

PROUD MEMBER

Norfolk Botanical Garden is a nonprofit 501 (c)(3) organization. Thank you for your generous support of this fundraiser. Please consider becoming a Member, if you are not already, so that we can continue our mission. In addition to FREE daily admission, **your membership includes 10% off all plant sale** and gift shop purchases, discounts on classes and special events, as well as reciprocal benefits with over 300 gardens throughout the United States and Canada. [Click here to become a Member!](#)

Below are some helpful tips on making the most of our annual spring plant sale. Happy Shopping!

How to shop the sale:

- The plant sale is included with regular Garden admission
- There are a limited number of carts available but you are welcome to bring your own
- We can hold your purchases while you bring your car around for loading, or if you want to go explore the Garden after making your purchase.

Terms of Sale:

Please note—this catalog is not a firm list of all plants that will be available. Some of them may not be ready at the time of the sale and will be withheld. Additionally, we may add plants for sale at the last minute.

While there is no expressed guarantee on any of the plants, staff from our Horticulture Dept. will be on hand throughout the sale to help you select the best plants for your situation, and later they can offer advice if the plants are not thriving. This sale is one of our largest annual fundraisers, and one that our staff looks forward to and prepares for year-round. More important than the money, it is a chance to get quality plants out into the community so that we can all grow a greener world!

FALL PLANT SALE 2024

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Trees

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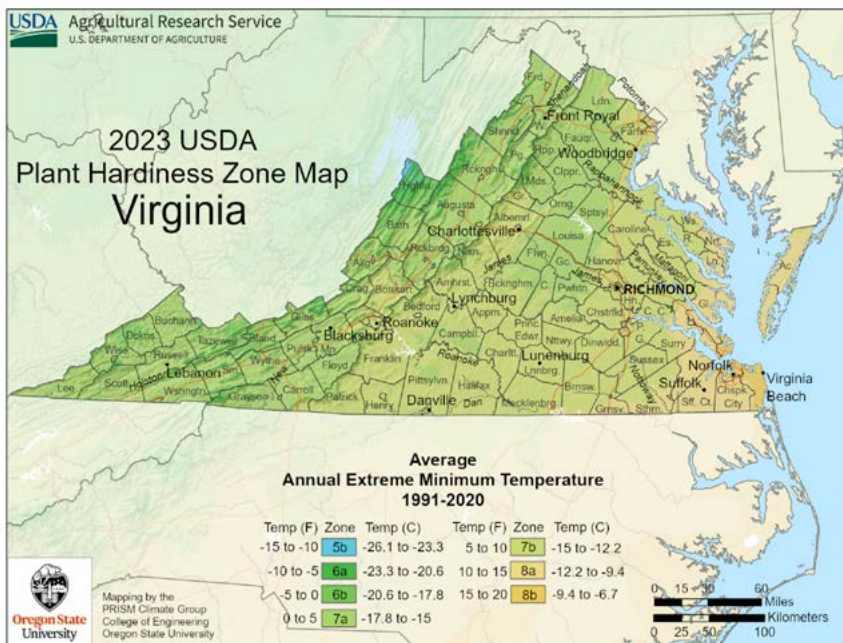
Miscellaneous

Understanding USDA Plant Zones

With ever more brutal summers, harsher storms, and to practically needing boats for the morning commute during high tides, climate change has already impacted our everyday lives here in Hampton Roads. You may be wondering what this means for the plants that make up our natural landscape, or even the plants you've cultivated in your own backyard.

Using climate data all the way back to the 1920's, the USDA has created a tool that divides the country into hardiness zones based on the average low winter temperatures. Plants are tested to see what they can tolerate and assigned a zone range for hardiness. Not even ten years ago, Norfolk and Virginia Beach were considered zone 8a while the rest of the Hampton Roads was part of zone 7b (see the chart below for the temperature ranges). However, this past year we have been adjusted to zone 8b and 8a respectively. Part of this jump is due to the heat island effect, the result of an urban landscape with a plethora of parking lots and pavement and not enough shade and trees. Additionally, the Chesapeake Bay and Atlantic Ocean act as giant insulators, drawing out warmer weather well past the blazing sun of the summer, and keeping our springs slightly cooler long after winter's last breath.

The USDA now factors in urban heat island effects and coastal insulation, which raise our average summer and winter temperatures just enough to slide us into the new zones. When selecting plants for any of our sales, we have always taken hardiness zones into consideration. Now we must consider climate change and which plants will thrive in the coming years. Welcome to the brave new world of gardening!



CATALOG KEY



Attracts Butterflies



Attracts Insect Pollinators



Attracts Hummingbirds



Attracts Birds



Fragrant



Deer Resistant



Drought Tolerant



Tolerates Wet Soil

TOLERATES WET SOIL



Salt Tolerant



Edible



United States Native



Virginia Native

Trees

Sun Shrubs

Shade Shrubs

Native Azaleas

Edibles

Miscellaneous

Avoid planting your tree in the hottest summer months. For best results, plant when the tree is dormant (usually fall/winter).

Be sure to remove any twine, tape or tags from your tree.

Only stake your tree for stabilization as needed. Secure with wide, flexible material. Do not stake the tree for more than one year.

Mulch between 2" and 4" deep but be sure to have a 1" to 2" clearance between the tree trunk and your mulch.

The top of the tree's root mass should be at or slightly above the existing grade (dotted line.)

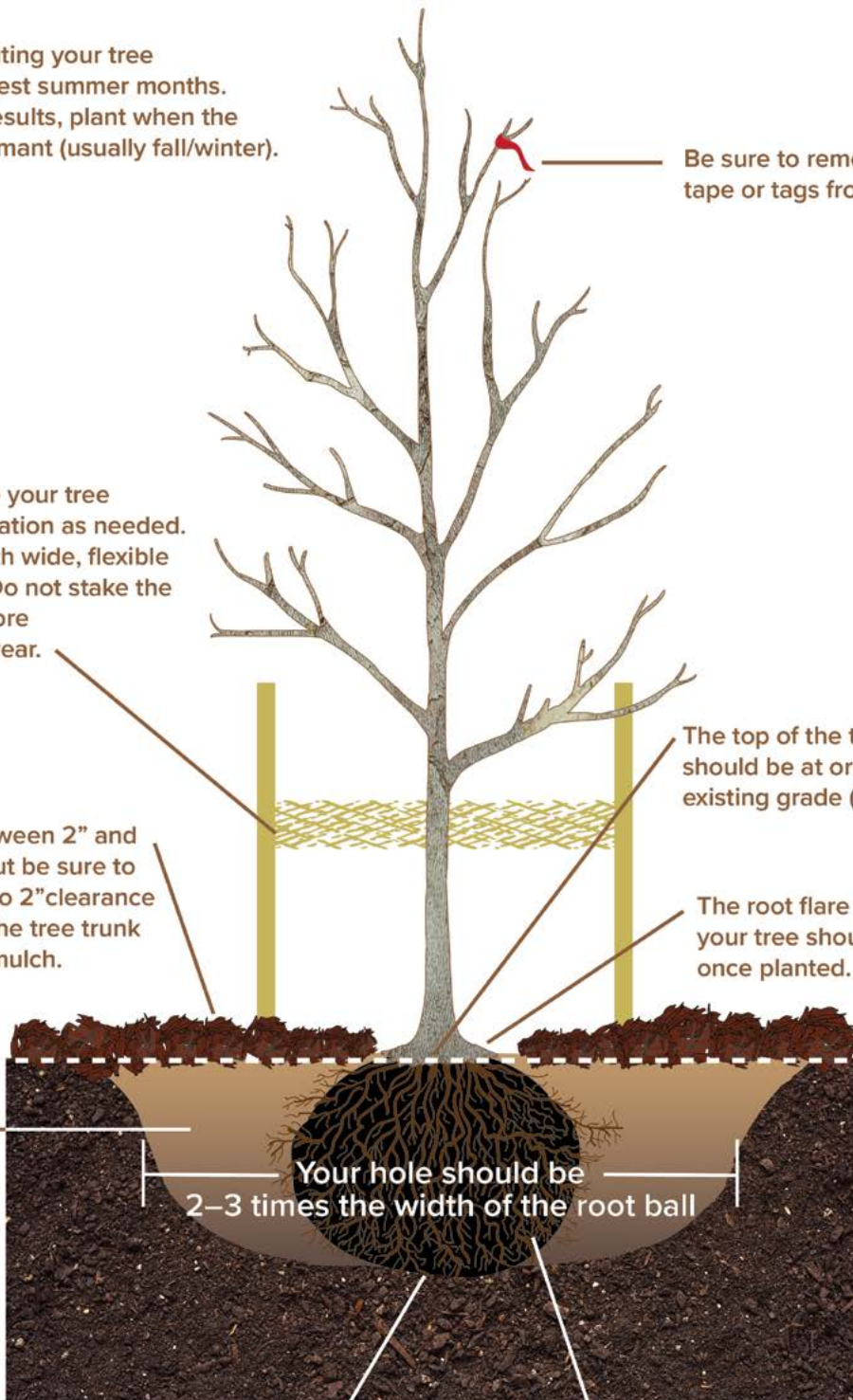
The root flare at the base of your tree should be visible once planted.

Backfill with native solid from the new hole.

Your hole should be 2-3 times the width of the root ball

Make sure your root mass is sitting firm, undisturbed soil at the bottom of your hole.

Carefully remove containers, wrappings, wires and ties from root mass before planting. Unwrap any circling roots. It's ok to aggressively loosen and tease out densely packed roots.



*Acer rubrum*

Red Maple — (a.k.a. Swamp Maple) is a very common native tree throughout much of North America, including Coastal Virginia. It is particularly known for its fall color which can be bright orange to deep red. It has a rounded habit with a dense crown that provides nice shade in the spring and summer. Its red, late winter flowers are an important early food source for native bees, and its seeds are eaten by birds and other animals. Easy to grow, it prefers full to part sun, and once established it is quite tolerant of adverse conditions including drought, wet soil, deer, heat, pollution, and compacted soil. **\$30.00**

40-70' T x 30-50' W

Zones 2a-9b

Pot Size: #3

*Aesculus pavia*

Red Buckeye — is a Coastal Virginia native small tree. It is an early spring bloomer, and its tubular red flowers are an important food source for returning hummingbirds, but they also attract insect pollinators. Plants will begin blooming at a young age, growing slowly to create a small tree. Prefers shade to part shade; tolerant of deer and occasionally wet soils. Leaf drop in late summer is normal. **\$12.00**

12-15' T & W

Zones 4-8

Pot Size: #1

*Castanea pumila*

Chinquapin — is a small shrub-like tree native to Coastal Virginia that can grow 15-30' tall by 10-20' wide. It produces edible nuts that are loved by wildlife. White blooms appear in spring to early summer, and the deciduous foliage turns a golden yellow in fall. It is also a host plant for several species of butterfly. Plant in full sun to partial shade with moist well drained soil, drought tolerant once established. **\$30.00**

15-30' T x 10-20' W

Zones 4-8

Pot Size: #3

*Catalpa bignonioides*

Southern Catalpa — is a large, deciduous tree native to the southern United States. It has an irregular, broad-rounded crown with heart-shaped leaves. In late spring to early summer, beautiful conical panicles of 10-20 trumpet shaped flowers appear. The blossoms are white with yellow stripes and purple speckles. In the fall the flowers give way to long slender green seedpods, giving rise to its alternative name of cigar tree. This species is very adaptable to adverse conditions including deer, drought, poor soil, and pollution making it tough and long-lived. Plant in full sun to part shade, tolerant of both moist and dry soils once established. **\$30.00**

30-60' T x 20-40' W

Zones 5-9

Pot Size: #3





Cercis canadensis

Eastern Redbud — is one of Coastal Virginia's showiest native trees. Early in spring it announces the change of season with dark pink-red buds opening to small pink flowers. It can either be a single trunked tree, or commonly in the wild, multi-trunked. The deciduous foliage emerges a reddish-purple, changing to a dark summer green, then to yellow in fall. Redbuds are a known host plant for certain butterfly larvae. It tends to do best in bright filtered sun to partial shade, but is tolerant of full sun. Redbud flowers are edible and can be sprinkled fresh into salads, or made into a colorful jelly. **\$30.00**

20-30' T x 30' W

Zones 4-9

Pot Size: #3



Chionanthus virginicus

Fringetree — is one of Coastal Virginia's most beautiful native trees, with mildly fragrant white flowers that cover the tree in mid-spring. Male trees have slightly showier flowers, but females have attractive blue-black fruit in summer that attracts birds and other wildlife. Unfortunately, our trees have not been sexed, but all new babies need love, regardless of gender. Deciduous foliage turns golden yellow in the fall. Full sun to partial shade in moist well drained soil, drought tolerant once established. We are offering 2 sizes. We are offering 2 sizes. The #3 is **\$30.00** and the #7 is **\$75.00**.

12-20' T & W

Zones 3-9

Pot Size: #3 and #7



Crataegus marshallii

Florida Wildflower Foundation

Parsley Hawthorn — is one of the showier hawthorns and native to the Southeast, including western Tidewater. It has clusters of delicate white flowers in mid-spring that attract a variety of butterflies and other insect pollinators, and it is also a host plant for several moth and butterfly species. The showy red fruit forms in early fall providing food for a variety of birds and mammals. The finely dissected foliage turns shades of orange and red before dropping in the fall. It also has attractive exfoliating bark, and its thorny nature makes it a good place for birds to shelter and nest. It will grow in full sun to a fair amount of shade and once established it is tolerant of wet or dry soil and high summer heat. **\$30.00**

25' T x 15' W

Zones 7a-9b

Pot Size: #3



Fraxinus pennsylvanica

Green Ash — is a widely spread tree across North America, including Coastal Virginia. Its small flowers are not very showy, but they do attract pollinators, and it is a host plant for eastern tiger swallow tail butterflies. The ripe seeds attract a variety of birds and mammals. The foliage is very showy in the fall turning shades of yellow and gold before dropping. It prefers full to part sun in moist well drained soil. Once established it can be tolerant of wet soils, drought, deer, wind, pollution, and it is moderately salt tolerant. **\$30.00**

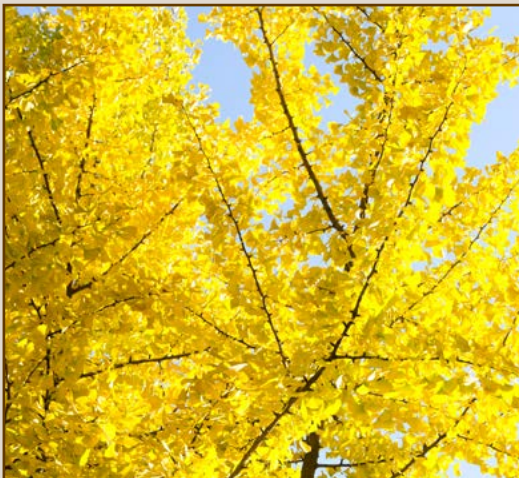
50-70' T x 30-50' W

Zones 3a-9b

Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Ginkgo biloba

Ginkgo — is one of the oldest and earliest tree species on earth. In fact, it is often referred to as a living fossil. Native to China, it is primarily grown in the West for its unique nature, tough countenance, and unsurpassed fall color. The species is dioecious, meaning there are male trees and female trees (our trees are unsexed). The females produce a pulpy malodorous fruit, but inside is an edible seed that is valued in Asian cuisines. In fall and over the course of several days, the leaves simultaneously and gradually change from green to a uniform, bright, golden yellow, before all dropping on the same day. It is quite the spectacle! This tree needs full sun in moist well drained soil. It is easy to grow and once established it is tolerant of occasional wet or dry periods, deer, pollution, urban conditions, wind, salt, and dinosaurs. *Plant a piece of NBG in your own garden - this offering comes from our collections.* **\$18.00**

50-80' T x 30-40' W
Zones 3a-9b
Pot Size: #1



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Ilex vomitoria (female)

Yaupon Holly — is small tree or large shrub native to Coastal Virginia where its evergreen nature, and ease of growth make it a good landscape choice. While the spring blooming flowers are not especially showy, they are fragrant and attractive to pollinators. Female plants offer bright red berries that will draw the eye in fall and winter, as well as provide food for birds. Plant in full sun or part shade, tolerant of wet, dry, or salt once established. For trivia night at the local watering hole — yaupon holly is the only North American plant containing caffeine in its foliage, and thus makes an acceptable tea. **\$30.00**

10-20' T x 8-12' W
Zone 7a-9b
Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



VIRGINIA NATIVE



US NATIVE



Ilex vomitoria 'Pendula'

Weeping Yaupon Holly — is an unusual twist on the species. Its branches hang down from the main trunk, and they can be pruned into living sculpture, or left to their own devices they can become an evergreen "Cousin Itt". As a female selection, this version offers the same benefits to both pollinators and birds as the straight species. Plant in full sun or part shade, tolerant of wet, dry, or salt once established. **\$75.00**

15-30' T x 6-12' W
Zone 7a-9b
Pot Size: #7



TOLERATES WET SOIL



VIRGINIA NATIVE



US NATIVE



Magnolia macrophylla var. *ashei*

Ashe Magnolia — is closely related to the bigleaf magnolia (*Magnolia macrophylla*), only it is smaller. They are very rare, native only to the Florida panhandle, but they will grow well in Coastal Virginia. It has large, light green, deciduous leaves that can get up to 2 ft long. It flowers in the early summer with huge (6-12") white, citrus-scented blossoms. They will do best in partial shade in moist well drained soil, tolerant of full sun provided adequate moisture. Shelter from strong winds keeps that large foliage looking good, adding a distinct tropical look to the landscape. **\$35.00**

10-15' T & 8-10' W
Zones 6a-9b
Pot Size: #3



US NATIVE





Magnolia grandiflora

Southern Magnolia — is one of the iconic native trees of the South, and although it is not originally native to Coastal Virginia, it is now naturalized. It is celebrated for its beautiful, large, white, fragrant flowers: handsome, glossy, evergreen foliage; and its attractive seeds pods full of red fruit. Birds and mammals are fond of the fruit, and the dense foliage offers them good cover. This tree is also tough, and can grow in full sun to partial shade. Ideally it prefers moist well drained soil, but it is also tolerant of wet soil, as well as urban conditions, pollution, heat, humidity, salt and wind. Pro tip: keep as many of the lower branches as possible so the foliage goes to the ground, as this will help hide fallen leaves. **\$30.00**

60-80' T x 30-50' W

Zones 6a-10b

Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Magnolia stellata 'Royal Star'

'Royal Star' Magnolia's — fragrant, white, star-like double blooms let you know that spring is just around the corner. This deciduous magnolia can either be a large, multi-trunked shrub or a small tree. Prefers full to partial sun in moist well drained soil. **\$50.00**

10-20' T & 8-15' W

Zones 4-9

Pot Size: #3



Magnolia virginiana var. *australis*

Evergreen Sweetbay Magnolia — is one of the best native trees for Coastal Virginia; it thrives in our climate. The sweetly scented white flowers bloom in early summer attracting butterflies, other insect pollinators, and hummingbirds. It is also the host plant for several butterfly species, and the bright red seeds, which appear on cone-like structures, are enjoyed by birds and small mammals. Often confused with Southern magnolia (*Magnolia grandiflora*), this tree is not as messy, nor does it grow as large, though their size is variable. Plant in full sun to part shade, tolerant of wet soil, salt, deer, and pollution. Very easy to grow. **\$30.00**

10-35' T & W

Zones 5-10

Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Magnolia x 'Ann'

'Ann' Magnolia — like other members of the Little Girl series of hybrid magnolias, blooms a few weeks later avoiding damaging late freezes. Tulip-like flowers are fragrant and purple-red with white centers and bloom in early spring, with occasional summer rebloom. Prefers full sun to partial shade in moist well drained soil; tolerant of urban conditions and heat. **\$50.00**

8-10' T & W

Zones 3-8

Pot Size: #3





Metasequoia glyptostroboides

Dawn Redwood — was once thought to be an extinct tree, only known in the prehistoric fossil record. However, a small grove was discovered in China before WWII, and seeds were brought back to the States, and now the tree is a common, but unique landscape plant. Like its distant cousin, bald cypress (*Taxodium distichum*), dawn redwood is a deciduous conifer with soft green, fern-like foliage that turns a beautiful russet orange in the fall. In the winter, its handsome bark and trunk can be better appreciated. It is a fast-growing tree that can reach heights of 100', but narrow at only 25' wide. It needs full sun in moist soil; tolerant of occasionally wet soil and deer. It is truly a living fossil. **\$75.00**

60-100' T x 20-25' W
Zones 4a-8b
Pot Size: #5



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Nyssa sylvatica

Black Gum — (a.k.a. Black Tupelo) is one of the most attractive Coastal Virginia native trees. Summer leaves are a dark green with a glossy sheen, but the fall foliage steals the show with many shades of yellow, orange, bright red, purple or scarlet that may appear on the same branch. Bark matures to medium gray and resembles alligator hide. Fruit on the female trees is bluish-black and is loved by many birds and mammals, and the spring flowers are a good nectar source for bees. It prefers full sun, and it is tolerant of wet, poorly drained soils, and once established it can survive the occasional drought; deer, salt, and pollution tolerant as well. **\$30.00**

30-50' T x 20-30' W
Zones 3-9
Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



VIRGINIA NATIVE



US NATIVE



Ostrya virginiana

American Hop Hornbeam — Hornbeam is a Coastal Virginia graceful native understory tree. The male catkins bloom in late winter followed by the female, both on the same tree, forming fruit that looks like hops. Once ripe, these will attract a variety of birds and mammals. The tree is also noted for its handsome shaggy bark and strong wood, giving it the other common name of ironwood. It prefers partial to full shade in moist well drained soil, but once established it is mildly drought resistant. Deer resistant, but not at all salt tolerant. **\$30.00**

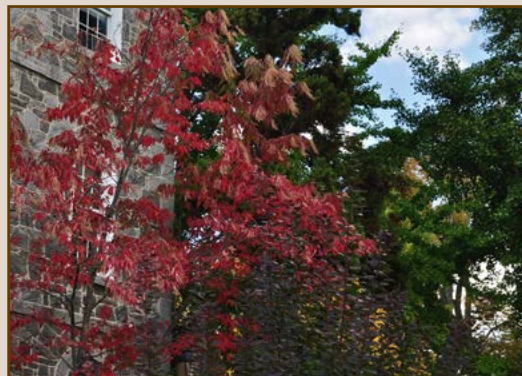
20-40' T x 15-30' W
Zones 3a-9b
Pot Size: #3



VIRGINIA NATIVE



US NATIVE



Oxydendrum arboreum

Sourwood — is one of Coastal Virginia's showiest native trees. Fragrant clusters of white, lily-of-the-valley-like flowers bloom in early summer attracting a variety of butterflies and other insect pollinators. Honeybees are especially fond of the flowers, and the honey produced from it is sought after. In the fall its glossy foliage lights up in crimson red before dropping. While it does tolerate full sun, it does better in filtered light in moist well drained soil, but once established it can tolerate mild droughts. Deer resistant, and slightly salt tolerant. **\$40.00**

20-30' T x 10-15' W
Zones 5a-9b
Pot Size: #3



US NATIVE



VIRGINIA NATIVE





Prunus mume 'Peggy Clark'

'Peggy Clark' Japanese Flowering Apricot — is one of the most popular selections of a regrettably underplanted tree. Although their flowers are indeed lovely, your nose will find the plant before your eyes will. Their fragrance is strong and sweet, often perfuming an entire garden in January and February. Local pollinators will brave the cold to visit the flowers. 'Peggy Clark' has double flowers and their color is rose pink. Later in the summer the bitter fruits will ripen and can be used for savory preserves and pickles, or you can leave them for the birds. It prefers full to part sun in moist well drained soil; not drought tolerant. A must-have for the winter garden. **\$75.00**

15-20' T & W
Zones 6a-9b
Pot Size: #7



Prunus serotina

Black Cherry — is one of North America's most widely dispersed trees, including here in Coastal Virginia. It is also one the absolute best trees for wildlife. In the spring, clusters of mostly white flowers bloom attracting a wide variety of insect pollinators. It is also a host plant for several butterfly species. The attractive red to black fruit is relished by songbirds and mammals, and should best be left to them as it is not recommended for humans. The fall foliage can be golden yellow to orange, and its overall rustic habit makes it a handsome addition to the garden. It prefers full to part sun in moist well drained soil; deer resistant. **\$30.00**

60-80' T x 30-60' W
Zones 2a-8b
Pot Size: #3



Quercus alba

White Oak — is a long-lived shade tree and a native of Coastal Virginia. It is also a keystone species for the area, and an important host plant for many butterfly species. Its acorns are a valuable food source for wildlife. It can get 80' tall or more with wide spreading branches that form an upright, broad-rounded crown. The leaves are dark green to slightly blue-green in summer, brown and wine-red to orange-red in the fall. Plant in full sun, tolerant of different soil types, as well as heat, drought, salt, and deer. Not tolerant of wet soils. **\$30.00**

80-100' T x 50-80' W
Zones 3-9
Pot Size: #3



Quercus bicolor

Swamp White Oak — is a Coastal Virginia native that gets its botanical name from the two-toned color of its leaves, green on top, and silvery underneath. In the fall it can turn to shades of yellow, bronze, or burgundy. Like most native oaks it is a keystone species of great value to pollinators, birds, and mammals. It prefers full sun in moist soil, it is also adaptable to occasional drought or freshwater flooding; deer resistant. **\$30.00**

50-60' T & W
Zones 4a-8b
Pot Size: #3





Quercus macrocarpa

Bur Oak — is native throughout much of North America, including parts of Virginia. Its common name comes from the “mossy” acorns that provide good food for a variety of mammals and birds. Like many oaks, it is an important host plant for a number of moths and butterflies, whose larvae become baby bird food. The fall foliage can range from golden yellow, to a coppery brown. It prefers full to partial sun in moist well drained soil; drought tolerant once established; deer resistant. **\$30.00**

70-80' T & W
Zones 3a-8b
Pot Size: #3



Quercus phellos

Willow Oak — is a large deciduous oak tree most widely used as a shade tree, street tree or in rain gardens. It is one of Coastal Virginia's most common native oaks, in fact, 3 of the 4 National Champion willow oaks are located in Coastal Virginia. It is a host plant for several butterfly species, and its acorns are eaten by several bird and mammal species. It's small, willow-like foliage turns brown in the fall, and the leaves' small narrow size make for easy clean up compared to other oaks. Plant in full sun in moist well drained soil. Once established it is tolerant of wet and dry soil, salt, deer, and urban conditions. **\$30.00**

50-80' T x 30-40' W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3



Quercus virginiana

Live Oak — is a large, long-lived evergreen, and one of the classic trees of the South, native from Coastal Virginia to Texas. It grows 40-80 feet tall and 60-110 feet wide, though has rarely reaches full size in our area. Like most native oaks it is a keystone species of great value to pollinators, birds, and mammals. It prefers full sun in moist well drained soil, but will tolerate compacted soils, wet soils, sand, salt spray, high winds, deer, occasional tidal flooding, and drought once well established. **\$40.00**

40-80' T x 60-110' W
Zones 8-10
Pot Size: #3



Rhus typhina 'Bailtiger' Tiger Eyes®

Tiger Eyes® Staghorn Sumac — is an unusual, handsome, gold-leafed, dwarf version of the reliable staghorn sumac, a Virginia native. The finely cut foliage and red tinted stems add rich texture and touch of color all season long. Flowers appear in late spring with male and female flowers on different plants. Both produce tall panicles of tiny yellow flowers. The female flowers attract insect pollinators and develop into a cluster of bright red fruits that attracts other wildlife, especially birds. Foliage turns vibrant shades of yellow, orange and red in the fall. It prefers full sun to partial shade in moist well drained soil; drought resistant. More shrub than tree, it only grows 3-6' T & W, but it has a spreading habit. **\$40.00**

3-6' T & W
Zones 4-8
Pot Size: #3





Styrax americanus

American Snowbell — is usually a multi-stem deciduous shrub, but it can also be trained as a small tree. Found on stream sides and in wet areas in the southern U.S., it also does well in full to part sun with ordinary garden conditions with good soil and ample moisture. It has abundant small, white, fragrant blossoms hanging from the branches in spring attracting pollinators. A nice, unusual plant for the smaller garden. **\$30.00**

6-20' T& W
Zones 6-8
Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



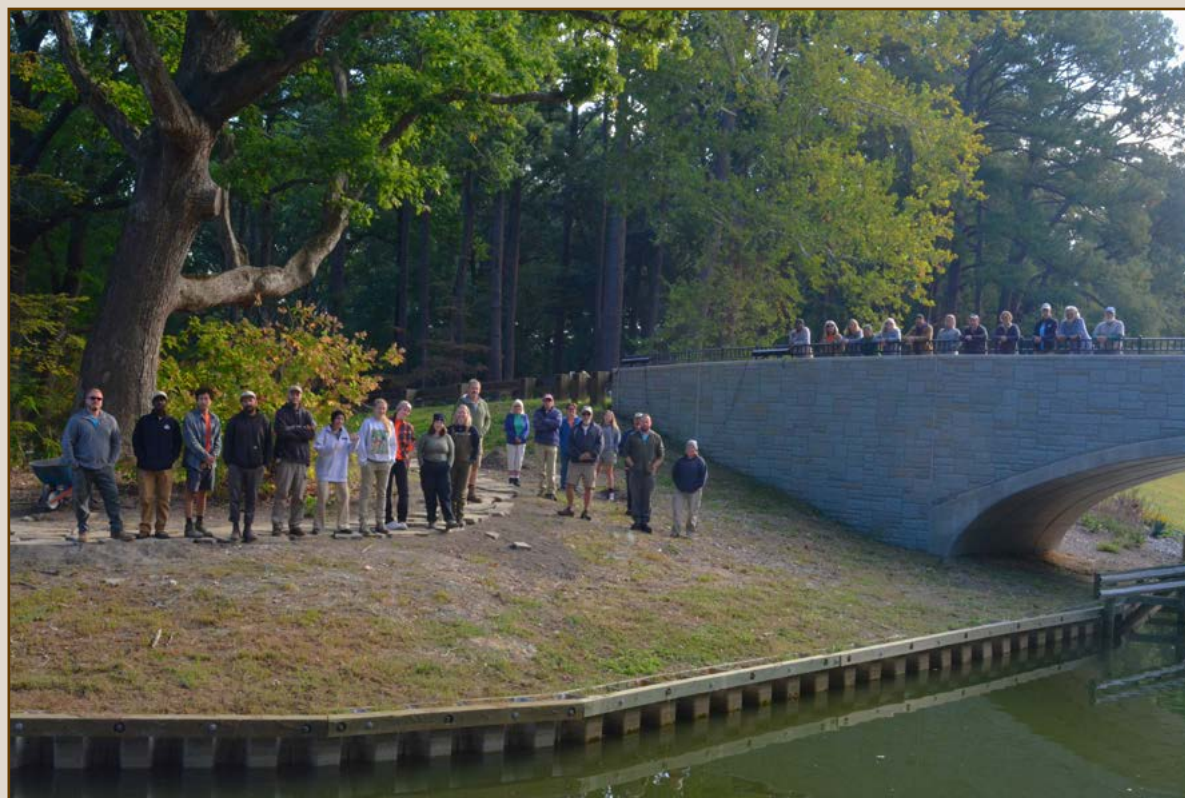
Taxodium distichum

Bald Cypress — is a stately conifer common in wetland areas throughout the Southeast, including Coastal Virginia. However, it can also adapt well to residential settings with normal soil and moisture. Unlike most cone-bearing trees, bald cypress is deciduous, but before its needles drop in the fall they turn a beautiful russet orange. Its ripe seeds will attract a variety of birds and mammals. In wet areas it will produce its characteristic cypress knees. This tree will adapt to a wide range of soil types, whether wet, dry, or swampy; very tolerant of wind, heat, and humidity. **\$30.00**

50-50' T x 20-45' W
Zones 4-9
Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Our horticulture department is the backbone of the garden, many of whom play a role in our fall and spring plant sale. Whether its dividing plants from the garden to sell, determining plants to buy, looking after the thousands of plants we sell every year in our nursery and greenhouse, helping guests at our in-person events, and much, much more, everyone in horticulture plays a crucial role in putting good plants in the hands of our community. You'll see many of us at this year's sale, ready to help.



***Abelia grandiflora* 'Kaleidoscope'**

'Kaleidoscope' Glossy Abelia — is a variegated, evergreen shrub that brings new colors with each season! The leaves emerge as bright green and yellow in the spring and warm up to red and orange shades in the summer, and intensifying in the winter. Expect the soft pink blooms of late spring to blossom into perfumed white flowers in the summer that attract insect pollinators. It prefers full to partial sun in moist well drained soil; once established it is drought tolerant and deer resistant. **\$40.00**

3' T x 3-4' W
Zones: 6-9
Pot Size: #2



***Aronia arbutifolia* 'Brilliantissima'**

'Brilliantissima' Red Chokeberry — is a selection of a Coastal Virginia native shrub, with multiple seasons of interest. In late spring, it has fragrant, half-inch white to light pink flowers resembling wild roses. Butterflies and other insect pollinators enjoy the flowers' nectar. Summer foliage is a lustrous dark green and is followed by spectacular red fall foliage which holds on well into the winter. Bright red fruit ripens in late summer and can persist into winter. They are bitter, but birds and mammals will eat them. They are also very high in antioxidants and can be juiced or made into jam. 'Brilliantissima' differs from the species with its superior, more colorful foliage; larger berries; and more compact habit. It prefers full to partial sun, though best fruit production will be in full sun. Prefers moist well drained soil, but they are very tolerant of wet soils. **\$45.00**

6-8' T & 3-4' W
Zones 4-9
Pot Size: #3



***Buddleja* x 'Podaras #8' Flutterby Petite® BLUE HEAVEN**

BLUE HEAVEN Butterfly Bush — has violet-blue blooms from summer until frost blooming above silvery foliage. This selection is also very dwarf and a great addition to gardens where space is limited, but it does well in containers also. Like all butterfly bushes, the fragrant blooms will attract numerous butterflies to your garden. Prefers full sun in moist well drained soil; drought tolerant once established; deer resistant; non-invasive. **\$35.00**

24-30" T & W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #2



***Buddleja* x 'Ruby Chip' LO & BEHOLD®**

Courtesy of Proven Winners - www.provenwinners.com.

'Ruby Chip' Butterfly Bush — combines the compact stature and proven performance of members of the LO & BEHOLD® series, with the saturated color of 'Miss Ruby'. All summer long, magenta-ruby flowers bloom without deadheading on a tidy mounded shrub. The fragrant blooms will attract numerous butterflies to your garden. Prefers full sun in moist well drained soil; drought tolerant once established; deer resistant. **\$45.00**

28-32" T & W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #2





Callicarpa americana

American Beautyberry — is one of our best Southeastern and Coastal Virginia native shrubs. Small lavender pink flowers bloom in summer attracting butterflies and other insect pollinators. However, the real show is in the early fall when bright purple berries adorn the branches providing a feast for the eyes and a tasty treat for birds and other wildlife. If you are gardening and get hungry, the fruit can be eaten fresh, or processed into jelly. The foliage has mosquito repelling properties, and it turns a nice soft yellow in the fall. Prefers full sun in moist soil where it will produce the most fruit, but it will also grow in light shade. Once established it can tolerate both occasional drought and wet soil. Blooms and fruits on new growth, so occasional winter pruning is recommended. **\$30.00**

4-6' T & W
Zones 6-10
Pot Size: #3



Calycanthus floridus

Carolina Allspice — is an old-fashioned favorite native to parts of Virginia and much of the Southeast. The unusual, 2" maroon flowers bloom in late spring and have a fruity aroma. Lustrous, dark green leaves to 6" long turn golden yellow in fall. Prefers full to partial sun in evenly moist well drained soil, once established it is tolerant of occasional droughts and floods, deer resistant. **\$30.00**

6-9' T & W
Zones 4-9
Pot Size: #3



Cephalanthus occidentalis

Common Buttonbush — is a handsome shrub native to Coastal Virginia, and it is well suited to wet soils. Beneficial native pollinators, honeybees, and hummingbirds are attracted to the flowers, and ducks and other water birds consume the seeds. It has glossy dark green foliage and showy white spring flowers with a very unique structure. The round button-like fruits appear in winter to keep this plant interesting year-round. Sun to partial shade in moist to wet soils. Tolerant of occasional salt flooding, but prefers fresh water. **\$30.00**

6-12' T x 4' W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3



Chaenomele speciosa 'Toyo-Nishiki'

Greenleaf Nursery, Inc.

'Toyo-Nishiki' Flowering Quince — is one of the loveliest with late winter flowers that can be white, pink, and red all at the same time on otherwise bare branches. Like other quince, the branches can be harvested earlier and forced to bloom indoors. In late summer to early fall the apple-like, aromatic fruit ripens and can be used for jams and jellies, birds like them too. Prefers full sun to part shade in moist well drained soil, drought tolerant and deer resistant. **\$45.00**

5-10' T & W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3





Chaenomeles x superba 'Texas Scarlet'

'Texas Scarlet' Flowering Quince — blooms in late winter with bright red blooms on otherwise bare branches, which can be harvested earlier and forced to bloom indoors. In late summer to early fall the apple-like, aromatic fruit ripens and can be used for jams and jellies, birds like them too. This selection is more compact than others. Prefers full sun to part shade in moist well drained soil, drought tolerant and deer resistant. **\$45.00**

3-4 'T x 4-5' W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3



Chamacyparis pisifera filifera 'Mops'

Gold Mop Cypress — is a slow growing dwarf conifer with unusual golden yellow thread-like foliage. Cold weather intensifies the color, making this plant a star of the winter garden. For best color, plant in full sun, but it is tolerant of light shade. Prefers moist well drained soil, and once established it is drought tolerant. **\$45.00**

2-5' T & W
Zones 4-8
Pot Size: #3



Clethra alnifolia

Summersweet — is a Coastal Virginia native that attracts butterflies, hummingbirds, and loads of insect pollinators. The glossy dark green leaves set off the pure white flowers in early summer. Later, birds and other wildlife will enjoy the ripe seeds. Plant it near the deck or patio to enjoy the sweet scent. In fall the foliage turns a handsome golden yellow. It will grow in full sun to near deep shade; tolerant of wet soil, deer, and some salt. When this species is in full bloom, it becomes the pollinating insect version of Grand Central Station. **\$30.00**

3-8' T & 4-6' W
Zones 3-9
Pot Size: #3



Clethra alnifolia 'Ruby Spice'

'Ruby Spice' Summersweet — is the best pink flowering cultivar of one of the most beneficial Coastal Virginia natives. The very fragrant, deep pink flowers attract butterflies, hummingbirds, and loads of insect pollinators — it is real pollinator magnet! The flowers give way to fruit capsules that birds love, and the fall foliage is an attractive golden yellow. Plant it near the deck or patio to enjoy the sweet scent and to watch all the activity the flowers draw. Tolerant of full sun to near-deep shade in moist to wet soils, deer resistant and salt tolerant. **\$45.00**

4-6' T & W
Zones 4-9
Pot Size: #3





Cornus amomum

Silky Dogwood — is a multi-stemmed shrub native to Coastal Virginia, and it is a good addition to any pollinator or wildlife garden. In late spring clusters of white flowers bloom attracting butterflies and specialized native bees. In late summer dark blue fruits form attracting a variety of birds and mammals. It will grow in full sun to partial shade, and can even thrive in deeper shade. It prefers moist to wet soil, giving rise to another common name of swamp dogwood. **\$30.00**

6-12' T & W
Zones 5-8
Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Deutzia gracilis 'Nikko'

'Nikko' Slender Deutzia — is valued for its many horticultural merits. It has gracefully arching branches that burst with lightly fragrant, pure white flowers in late spring. Its smaller size and mounding habit can find a home in many landscapes. The lanced-shaped foliage goes from bright and shiny green to deep burgundy in the fall making it the only deutzia with decent fall color. Prefers full sun to partial shade in moist well drained soil. Once established it is drought, deer, and salt tolerant. **\$40.00**

2-5' T x 3-4 W
Zones 5-8
Pot Size: #3



Forsythia x intermedia 'Lynnwood Gold'

'Lynnwood Gold' Forsythia — is one of the most common forms of this plant, one of spring's calling cards, gracing the landscape with bright yellow blooms in March. 'Lynnwood Gold' has slightly larger flowers than other varieties, but like other varieties, its branches can be cut earlier in the season and brought indoors for forcing. It prefers full to partial sun in moist well drained soil, easy to grow and tolerant of pollution, urban conditions, poor soil and salt. **\$45.00**

6-9' T & W
Zones 5-8
Pot Size: #3



Forsythia x 'NIMBUS' SHOW OFF®
SUGAR BABY®

© Proven Winners® ColorChoice®

SUGAR BABY® Forsythia — is a miniature, upright selection that delivers more flowers per inch to create an outstanding spring display. This very compact, dwarf plant provides lots of spring color in a smaller space than other forsythia varieties. It also does well in containers for intense spring color on a sunny patio. Requires full or partial sun in moist well drained soil, resistant to deer and very adaptable. **\$25.00**

18-30" T & W
Zones 5-8
Pot Size: #1



Fothergilla major 'Mount Airy'

'Mt. Airy' Fothergilla — is a cultivar of a multi-season plant native to the mountains of the Southeast. In the spring, delicate honey-scented, white, bottlebrush flowers bloom attracting butterflies and other insect pollinators. Blue-green foliage emerges afterwards, and in the fall, it turns a rich mix of orange, red, and yellow. Prefers full sun to partial shade in moist well drained soil. Tolerant of wet and dry once established. **\$45.00**

3-6' T & 3-5' W
Zones 3-9
Pot Size: #2



TOLERATES WET SOIL





***Hydrangea paniculata* 'Jane' Little Lime®**
Greenleaf Nursery, Inc.

Little Lime® Panicle Hydrangea — is a dwarf form of 'Limelight'. It has the same proven performance and good looks, but on a smaller plant. Green summer flowers transition to white, then pink in the fall, delivering months of varied color and interest, as well as pollinator interest. The sturdy stems of this easy to grow hydrangea provide long lasting cut flowers as well. Prefers full sun to partial shade in moist well drained soil. **\$45.00**

3-5' T & W
Zones 3-9
Pot Size: #2



***Hydrangea paniculata* 'Renhy'**
Vanilla Strawberry™

Vanilla Strawberry™ Panicle Hydrangea — has long been a favorite in the Flowering Arboretum at NBG. The flowers emerge in early summer and change from white to pink, finally all pink as fall nears. As new flowers come on while older ones age, a two-tone affect is achieved. The flowerheads are exceptionally large for a panicle hydrangea and attract pollinating insects. The flowers can be cut fresh for arrangements, but they can also be used dried. Prefers full sun to partial shade in moist well drained soil. **\$45.00**

6-7' T x 5-6' W
Zones 3-8
Pot Size: #2



***Ilex verticillata* 'Winter Red'**

'Winter Red' Winterberry Holly — is a cultivar of a Coastal Virginia native holly that puts on a fantastic fall and winter show when its bare branches are covered with bright red fruit. The berries typically persist into January when birds make a meal of them. It needs a male pollinator for best fruit set, either 'Southern Gentlemen' or 'Apollo'. Deciduous foliage turns golden yellow in the fall, and while the spring flowers are not that showy, they do attract pollinators. Prefers full sun to partial shade in moist soil, tolerant of wet soil, and once established they are also drought tolerant. **\$40.00**

6-9' T & W
Zones 3-9
Pot Size: #3



***Ilex verticillata* 'Southern Gentleman'**

'Southern Gentleman' Winterberry Holly — is a male cultivar of a Coastal Virginia native holly that is needed to pollinate certain female winterberry hollies, including 'Cacapon', 'Shaver', 'Sparkleberry', 'Sunset', 'Winter Red', and 'Winter Gold'. Deciduous foliage turns golden yellow in the fall, and while the spring flowers are not that showy, they do attract pollinators. Prefers full sun to partial shade in moist soil, tolerant of wet soil, and once established they are also drought tolerant. **\$40.00**

6-9' T & W
Zones 3-9
Pot Size: #3





Myrica cerifera

Southern Waxmyrtle — is one of the most common of Coastal Virginia's native plants. It has a dense evergreen habit, fragrant foliage, and the new growth is a bright olive green. It can be treated as a small tree with exposed limbs, kept as a natural shrub, or pruned frequently to control size and grown as a hedge. There are a number of beneficial pollinators that are attracted to its inconspicuous flowers. Female plants produce an attractive blue-gray fruit that birds love (ours have not been sexed). They are very well suited to coastal conditions being tolerant of salt, sandy poor soil, wet soil, dry soil, and deer. Prefers full sun to partial shade in just about any soil type, but keep moist during the establishment phase. **\$25.00**

20-25' T x 8-10' W
Zones 7a-11b
Pot Size: #3



Prunus cistena

Purpleleaf Sand Cherry — is covered in small pinkish-white blooms in early spring, which will later produce small cherries that birds will relish. However, the real star of the show is this plant's burgundy-red foliage that covers it from late April until the first freeze. Prefers full to partial sun in moist well drained soil. Drought tolerant once established. **\$45.00**

7-10' T x 5-8' W
Zones 2-8
Pot Size: #3



Spiraea thunbergii 'Ogon'

'Ogon' Baby's Breath Spirea — is as well known for its foliage as it is its flowers. The delicate white blooms cover the bare branches in late winter signaling spring is just around the corner. The foliage emerges soon after and is a bright golden yellow that over time matures to a striking chartreuse color. In the fall the leaves take on a gold color with hints of orange and pink before dropping. The entire plant has a graceful arching habit. It prefers full to partial sun in moist well drained soil. It can take more shade, but the foliage colors will be less intense. **\$45.00**

3-5' T & W
Zones 4a-8b
Pot Size: #3



Spiraea x vanhouttei 'Renaissance'

Greenleaf Nursery, Inc.

'Renaissance' Spirea — is an improved selection of the old-fashioned favorite, bridal wreath spirea. In spring the cascading branches are draped with round clusters of white flowers. Pollinators are attracted to the flowers. The handsome blue-green foliage turns orange-red in the fall. The improvement in 'Renaissance' lies in its resistance to rust and mildew. It prefers full to partial sun in moist well drained soil; deer resistant. **\$45.00**

5-8' T x 6' W
Zones 3a-9b
Pot Size: #3



Trees

Sun Shrubs

Shade Shrubs

Native Azaleas

Edibles

Miscellaneous



Thuja occidentalis 'Bobazam'
Mr. Bowling Ball®

Greenleaf Nursery, Inc.

Mr. Bowling Ball® Arborvitae — is a dwarf cultivar of our native American arborvitae. It has aromatic, soft foliage that stays a handsome blue-green year-round. It is also noted for its dwarf, dense, compact size that may never need pruning. This evergreen conifer is perfect for year-round beauty in rock gardens, edging a pathway, or even a large container. In our climate, it prefers full morning sun and afternoon shade in moist well drained soil. It can tolerate occasionally wet soil, but it is not drought tolerant. **\$40.00**

2-3' T & W
Zones 3-7(8)
Pot Size: #2



Thuja occidentalis 'Sunkist'

Greenleaf Nursery, Inc.

'Sunkist' Arborvitae — will brighten your garden with its bright yellow color. Cold weather will bring out some orange into the yellow aromatic foliage. 'Sunkist' has an overall conical shape making it a good accent in the garden. It can take full sun to light shade in moist well drained soil. It can tolerate occasionally wet soil, but it is not drought tolerant. **\$55.00**

6-10' T x 5-8' W
Zones 3-7 (8)
Pot Size: #3



Thuja 'Junior Giant'

'Junior Giant' Arborvitae — is a smaller version of the popular 'Green Giant' arborvitae, but with the same great qualities. The evergreen foliage has a soft texture and wonderful aroma, and it will provide shelter for birds in all seasons. It has a narrow upright habit that makes it valued for screening and hedges in tight spaces. It prefers full sun to light shade in consistently moist, but well drained soil. It can survive the occasional drought, but only well after the establishment phase. Deer and wind resistant, but not salt tolerant. **\$45.00**

15-20" T x 8-10' W
Zones 5-8
Pot Size: #3



Viburnum dentatum

Arrowwood Viburnum — is a Coastal Virginia native with showy clusters of white flowers in late spring that attract a number of beneficial pollinators. Later in the summer, attractive blue fruit forms that is relished by songbirds and small mammals. The fall foliage is variable, but often quite showy. Prefers full sun to partial shade in moist well drained soil; some drought tolerance and deer resistance once established. **\$30.00**

6-10' T & W
Zones 2-8
Pot Size: #3





Viburnum 'NCVX4' SWEET TALKER®

Photo Courtesy of Proven Winners

Sweet Talker Viburnum — features pink, tubular flowers that bloom in the early spring with a sweet, spicy, honey scent. The flowers attract people and beneficial pollinators. The attractive, semi-evergreen foliage is a glossy green with an overcast of burgundy. Plant in full sun to part shade in moist well drained soil; deer resistant and salt tolerant. **\$25.00**

8-10' T x 3-5' W
Zones 7-8
Pot Size: #1



Viburnum obovatum

Walter's Viburnum — is a Southeastern native shrub with showy clusters of white flowers that bloom primarily in spring attracting a number of beneficial pollinators, and the blue blue-black fruit that follows in summer is relished by birds. The foliage is typically evergreen and has a boxwood-like appearance. The plant can be limbed up to create a small tree, or kept sheered to stay fuller and smaller. Full to partial sun in moist to wet soil, deer and salt resistant. **\$30.00**

8-25' T x 6-10' W
Zones 7a-10
Pot Size: #3



Weigela florida 'Dark Horse'

Greenleaf Nursery, Inc.

'Dark Horse' Weigela — is noted for its rich burgundy bronze foliage whose lime green veins really highlight the darker color. In mid to late spring, it is covered with tubular pink flowers that attract butterflies and hummingbirds. This is also a dwarf selection whose small size makes it easy to fit into just about any garden. It prefers full sun for best foliage color and flowering, but it can tolerate partial sun. The soil should be moist and well drained soil. **\$45.00**

2-3' T & W
Zones 4-8
Pot Size: #3



Weigela 'Slingpink' Peach Kisses™

Greenleaf Nursery, Inc.

Peach Kisses™ Weigela — is a newer selection that blooms much longer than others. From mid-spring through summer its peachy pink, tubular flowers will bloom attracting butterflies and hummingbirds. This is also a dwarf selection whose small size makes it easy to fit into just about any garden. It prefers full sun for best foliage color and flowering, but it can tolerate partial sun. The soil should be moist and well drained soil. **\$45.00**

3' T & W
Zones 4-7(8)
Pot Size: #2



Trees

Sun Shrubs

Shade Shrubs

Native Azaleas

Edibles

Miscellaneous



Eunymus americanus

Strawberry-bush — is a Coastal Virginia native that is also known as hearts-a-burstin' due to its colorful fruit display in late summer. Somewhat sprawling when young, it becomes more upright as it matures. Although the greenish-yellow flowers that bloom in late spring to early summer are inconspicuous, the orange-red fruits are very showy when they burst open from showy scarlet capsules. These seeds are relished by songbirds, wild turkeys, and other wildlife. The bare winter stems will remain green. It will grow in full shade or sun, but does best in partial shade with moist well drained soil; tolerant of both wet and dry soils once established. **\$30.00**

4-6' T & W
Zones 6-9
Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Hydrangea arborescens 'Annabelle'

'Anabelle' Smooth Hydrangea — is the most popular cultivar of a Virginia native species. It has large clusters of white flowers (8-12" across!) that begin blooming in June and can last up to two months. The blooms are attractive to butterflies and other insect pollinators, while birds enjoy the ripe seeds. This hydrangea also blooms on new wood, taking the guess work away when it comes to pruning. It does best in partial shade with consistently moist soil. It will decline in long droughts; deer and somewhat salt resistant. **\$50.00**

3-5' T & W
Zones 3a-9b
Pot Size: #3



Hydrangea macrophylla 'PIIHM-II'
ENDLESS SUMMER® Bigleaf Hydrangea
BloomStruck®

Greenleaf Nursery, Inc.

ENDLESS SUMMER® BloomStruck® Bigleaf Hydrangea — is another member of the noted reblooming hydrangea family. This selection has strong reddish stems that hold repeat blooming flowers throughout summer. This variety is a mophead with either rose-pink or pale blue flowers (depending on the soil pH). It prefers partial shade in moist well drained soil. This selection is also very heat tolerant and has a strong disease resistance, especially to powdery mildew. **\$50.00**

3-4' T x 4-5' W
Zones 4-9
Pot Size: #2



Hydrangea quercifolia

Oakleaf Hydrangea — is a Southeast native with true four four-season interest. It is the first hydrangea to bloom in the spring with green, cone-shaped flower clusters that mature to white, aging to dusty pink, then to straw color. The fall foliage is outstanding in rich shades of red, orange, and burgundy. In the winter its exfoliating bark can be appreciated. Butterflies and other pollinators are attracted to its flowers, while birds enjoy the seeds. It does best in light shade, but is tolerant of more sun or deeper shade. It must have moist well drained soil, but once established it can tolerate the occasional drought. **\$35.00**

4-8' T x 4-10 W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3





Hydrangea quercifolia 'Ruby Slippers'

'Ruby Slippers' Oakleaf Hydrangea — is compact selection that can fit into most landscapes. Its white flowers in spring stay more upright than other selections, plus they age to a beautiful pink. Like other oakleaves, the fall foliage is outstanding in rich shades of red, orange, and burgundy. In the winter its exfoliating bark can be appreciated. Butterflies and other pollinators are attracted to its flowers, while birds enjoy the seeds. It does best in light shade, but is tolerant of more sun or deeper shade. It must have moist well drained soil, but once established it can tolerate the occasional drought. Just click your heels and say "there's no place like my home for this hydrangea". **\$50.00**

3-4' T x 4-5' W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3



Illicium floridanum

Florida Anise Tree — is an evergreen shrub native to the deep South, but it grows well in Coastal Virginia. The foliage has a very distinct anise aroma when crushed, and the aromatic compounds that create this fragrance also make the plant virtually resistant to damage from insects, rabbits, and deer. The spring blooming, red flowers are very showy and have a unique starfish-like appearance, plus they attract pollinators. It prefers partial to full shade in moist to wet soil. **\$30.00**

6-10' T x 6-8' W
Zones 7a-10b
Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Leucothoe axillaris

Coastal Leucothoe — (a.k.a. Doghobble) is native to the southeastern United States, including Coastal Virginia. Its evergreen foliage emerges with a bronze-red coloration before maturing to green, but in cold weather it will turn a dark burgundy. The flowers are mostly white to pale pink, slightly fragrant, and bloom in early to mid-spring. They attract a variety of butterflies, bees, and other insect pollinators. It prefers dappled sunlight in moist soil with good drainage, though it is tolerant of wet soil, but not tolerant of drought; deer resistant. **\$30.00**

3-4' T x 4-6' W
Zones 5a-9b
Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Lindera benzoin

Spicebush — is a Coastal Virginia native with yellow-green flowers that bloom in spring before the leaves appear attracting pollinators. The foliage is a food source for spicebush swallowtail butterfly caterpillars. In the fall the leaves turn bright yellow. Female plants will bear red fruits (if a male plant is present nearby, unfortunately our offerings are not sexed yet) in the fall that are loved by birds and small mammals. The foliage is fragrant when crushed. Partial shade to light sun is best in moist well drained soil; once established it is tolerant of wet soil and infrequent droughts. **\$30.00**

8-15' T x 6-15' W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Lonicera nitida 'Golden Glow'

'Thunderbolt® (a.k.a. Golden Glow)' Boxleaf Honeysuckle — is not like any honeysuckle you may be familiar with, this one is a shrubby evergreen with bright chartreuse foliage. It starts off upright, but as it ages it will gain a cascading habit. Very unusual! Although the foliage is the star, the fragrant white flowers produce a blue-black berry birds will eat. It prefers partial sun to light shade in moist well drained soil; once established it is drought, deer, and salt resistant. **\$45.00**

3-4' T & W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #2



Pieris japonica 'Dorothy Wycoff'

'Dorothy Wycoff' Pieris — is a compact selection known for its red buds that later open to white to pale pink, fragrant flowers in late winter to early spring. The evergreen foliage emerges red before maturing to green. Does best in partial sun with moist well drained soil, but it is tolerant of deeper shade; deer resistant. **\$45.00**

5' T x 4' W
Zones 4-8
Pot Size: #3



Pieris japonica 'Historyland Supreme'

'Historyland Supreme' Pieris — has fragrant white flowers that emerge from attractive burgundy buds in late winter/early spring. It tends to bloom later than other Pieris. The evergreen foliage emerges with pink tones before maturing to green. Does best in partial sun with moist well drained soil, but it is tolerant of deeper shade. First introduced by Historyland Nursery in Warsaw, Virginia. **\$45.00**

6' T & W
Zones 4-8
Pot Size: #3



Pieris japonica 'Scarlet O'Hara'

'Scarlet O'Hara' Pieris — is a full-sized selection with beautiful, fragrant white flowers that bloom in late winter to early spring. The evergreen foliage emerges a bronze red before maturing to green. Does best in partial sun with moist well drained soil, but it is tolerant of deeper shade; deer resistant. **\$45.00**

6-10' T x 4-6' W
Zones 4-8
Pot Size: #3





Rhododendron alabamense

Alabama Azalea — is deciduous shrub native to Georgia and Alabama, and has white flowers with a lemon-yellow blotch. They also have a distinct lemony fragrance and attract numerous specialized pollinators. It does best as an understory plant in filtered light and in moist well drained soil, but it is more tolerant of drier soils than other native azaleas. Protect from afternoon sun. Tolerates rabbit damage. **\$35.00**

4-6' T & W
Zones 7a-8b
Pot Size: #3



Rhododendron atlanticum

Coastal Azalea — is a Coastal Virginia native with tubular, white or pale pink flowers that appear in spring just as the blue blue-green foliage is starting to emerge. Each blossom emits a sweet, heavy perfume that draws in any nose that passes by. Plants perform happily in rich, evenly moist soil, and are more adaptable to wet areas than most other azaleas. **\$35.00**

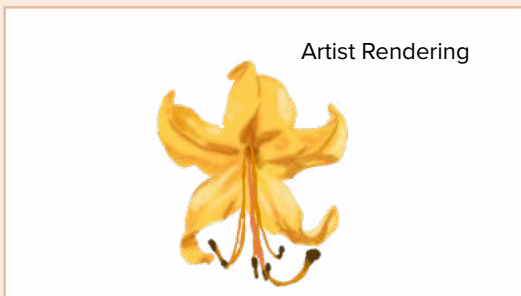
2-6' T x 2-5' W
Zones 6-8
Pot Size: #3



Rhododendron austrinum

Florida Flame Azalea — bloom in early spring with blossoms in a range of colors from orange to yellow and often with a touch of red. The fragrance is delightful and will attract butterflies and other insect pollinators. This is one of the easiest native azaleas to grow. Great for Southern gardens where heat tolerance is important. Prefers partial shade in moist well drained soil; deciduous. **\$35.00**

6-10' T x 4-6' W
Zones 6-9
Pot Size: #3



Artist Rendering

Rhododendron austrinum 'Apricot'

"Apricot" Florida Flame Azalea — blooms in early spring with apricot colored blossoms. The fragrance is delightful and will attract butterflies and other insect pollinators. This is one of the easiest native azaleas to grow. Great for Southern gardens where heat tolerance is important. Prefers partial shade in moist well drained soil; deciduous. **\$35.00**

6-10' T x 4-6' W
Zones 6-9
Pot Size: #3



Rhododendron austrinum
'Don's Variegated'

'Don's Variegated' Florida Flame Azalea — is a cultivar of the Southeastern native azalea with large fiery orange flowers in spring, attracting insect pollinators. The deciduous foliage is mildly variegated green and yellow, but tends to revert to all green. When you see the flower color, you will forget all about variegated foliage! Prefers filtered sun to partial shade in moist well drained soil. **\$35.00**

6-10' T x 4-6' W
Zones 6-9
Pot Size: #3





Rhododendron austrinum 'Millie Mac'

American Rhododendron Society

'Millie Mac' Florida Flame Azalea — is a deciduous native azalea cultivar that was discovered in Escambia, Alabama. It features unusual, showy, fragrant, coral-yellow flowers with white margins that bloom in the spring. It does best in light shade with moist well drained soil, and it is very tolerant of heat and humidity. **\$35.00**

4-6' W
Zones 6-9
Pot Size: #3



Rhododendron austrinum 'Moonbeam'

Superior Trees

'Moonbeam' Florida Flame Azalea — is one of the earliest Florida flame azaleas to bloom, and it is considered one of the best *R. austrinum* by azalea enthusiasts. Its fragrant, saffron-yellow flowers are very showy and will attract pollinators. The species is one of the easiest of our native azaleas to grow, being quite tolerant of heat and humidity. Prefers partial shade in moist well drained soil. Deciduous **\$35.00**

8-10' W
Zones 6-9
Pot Size: #3



Artist Rendering

Rhododendron austrinum 'Reagan'

'Reagan' Florida Flame Azalea — is a cultivar of a Southeastern deciduous native that features fragrant yellow flowers with reddish pink buds, tubes and stamens. Like other of the same species, its blooms will attract pollinators. From a distance, the flowers may appear more red than others. Plant in part shade with moist well drained soil; very tolerant of heat and humidity. **\$35.00**

6-10' T x 4-6' W
Zones 6-9
Pot Size: #3



Artist Rendering

Rhododendron x gibralter 'Tiger'

'Tiger' Azalea — is a wonderful selection bred at Auburn University. It is a spring blooming austrinum X Gibraltar hybrid with orange ruffles with yellow accents. It is mildew resistant and tolerates Southern heat and humidity. It prefers partial shade in moist well drained soil. **\$35.00**

4-6' T & W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3



Rhododendron canescens

Piedmont Azalea — (a.k.a. Mountain Azalea) is a Southeastern deciduous native that has fragrant pink flowers with hints of white appearing in early spring as the foliage begins to emerge. The blooms attract insect pollinators. It prefers partial shade in moist well drained soil. **\$35.00**

6-15' T x 6-12' W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3

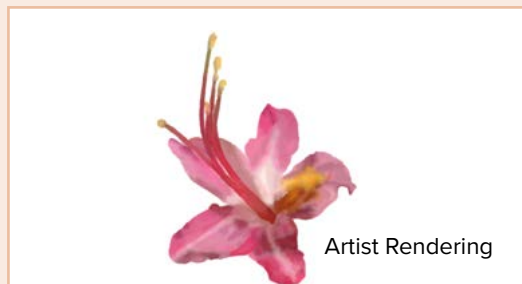




Rhododendron viscosum

Swamp Azalea — is a deciduous Coastal Virginia native that is covered in wonderfully fragrant white flowers in the early summer, making it a great way to extend the blooming season. Although its common name is the Swamp Azalea, *Rhododendron viscosum* will not tolerate being planted in water. Rather, it can be planted close to the shore and can take more moisture than others. Prefers partial shade in moist soil. **\$35.00**

6-8' T & W
Zones 4-8
Pot Size: #3



Artist Rendering

Rhododendron x 'Addison'

'Addison' Azalea — is a deciduous hybrid of the native Alabama Azalea (*Rhododendron alabamense*). It has beautiful, fragrant, pink flowers with a yellow blotch, and it is purported to be a heavy bloomer. It does best as an understory plant in filtered light and in moist well drained soil, but it is more tolerant of drier soils than other native azaleas. Protect from afternoon sun. Tolerates rabbit damage. **\$35.00**

4-6' T & W
Zones 6-8
Pot Size: #3

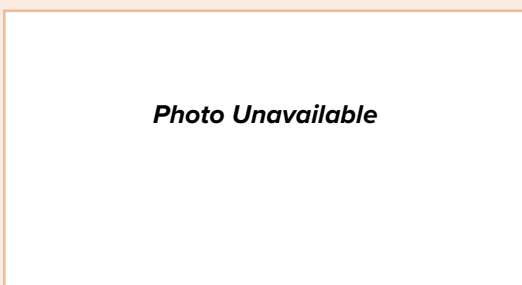


Photo Unavailable

Rhododendron x 'My Mary'

'My Mary' Hybrid Azalea — is a beautiful, deciduous, native hybrid azalea that produces abundant clusters of unique soft to light yellow funnel-shaped flowers with contrasting orange-red tubes and elegant, long stamens protruding well beyond the flower. Blooming in mid to late spring, 'My Mary' is a truly brilliant floral display. Prefers partial shade in moist well drained soil. **\$35.00**

5-6' T x 4-5'W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3



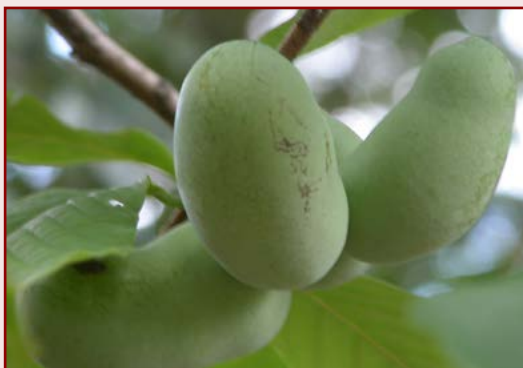
Summer does not have to be the only time of year for colorful containers. Use cold tolerant evergreens in pots for the winter, which can be embellished with winter-hardy annuals like pansies or violas. Late fall is also a good time to shop tree and shrub sales to help fill pots that once held summer annuals. In the spring these evergreens can be re-planted in the garden or held to use again next winter. Do not let the ultimate size of the plant deter you. It just needs to look good in the pot for the winter.



Acca swellowiana

Pineapple Guava — has unusual, fragrant, white to pink flowers with crimson red centers, surrounded by silvery green, evergreen foliage. Dark green fruit is flavorful with a taste of mint and pineapple, ripening in late summer when they fall from the plant. These shrubs can be planted to form an attractive evergreen hedge, and they are easily pruned. Although they can be self-pollinating, two are needed for best pollination. They prefer full sun in moist well drained soil; drought, heat, humidity, and salt tolerant. A great choice for coastal landscapes. **\$65.00**

10-15' T & W
Zones 8-10
Pot Size: #5



Asimina triloba

Paw Paw — is a Coastal Virginia native, small understory tree or large shrub. Its foliage is the host plant for the zebra swallowtail butterfly. Delicious custard-like fruit ripens in the fall, attracting a variety of birds and mammals. In the fall, the deciduous foliage turns a beautiful golden yellow before dropping. Pollination occurs between two different paw paws. It will grow in full sun to deep shade and prefers moist well drained soil, but is tolerant of occasional wet soil; deer resistant. Something for trivia night at the pub — paw paw produces the largest fruit native to North America. **\$35.00**

15-30' T & W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3



Camellia sinensis

Korean Green Tea Plant — is a selection grown on the Korean peninsula. Like other tea camellias it has white flowers that bloom in the fall attracting a variety of pollinators. The foliage is evergreen. After processing, the leaves of this variety make a fine green tea and is typically harvested in the spring as new growth appears. It does well in full to part sun in moist well drained soil, though once established it is tolerant of the occasional drought; deer resistant. **\$70.00**

5' T & W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #5



Carya illinoensis

Pecan Trees — are famous for their delicious nuts, but this North American native also provides welcome shade in hot climates. The flowers are insignificant, but if pollinated they will produce pecans which ripen in late summer to fall, attracting assorted wildlife. The species is a host plant for luna moths and hickory horned devils. They will grow in full sun to partial shade in most well drained soil, and once established they can tolerate wet soils and droughts. **\$30.00**

70-100' T x 40-75' W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #3



Diospyros virginiana

Common Persimmon — is a Coastal Virginia native with nutritious fruit for wildlife and humans alike, you just need to wait until it is ripe. It is the host plant for several moth species, insect pollinators are attracted to its late spring flowers, and mammals and birds enjoy the ripe fruit. Tough and durable, it withstands whatever conditions Mother Nature gives it, including drought, salt spray, and flooding. It also has attractive fall foliage. Full sun to part shade. Male trees need to be nearby to pollinate female trees. **\$30.00**

35-60' T x 25-35' W
Zones 4-9
Pot Size: #3



Trees

Sun Shrubs

Shade Shrubs

Native Azaleas

Edibles

Miscellaneous



Diospyros kaki 'Fuyu Imoto'

'Fuyu Imoto' Asian Persimmon — is the most popular variety in Japan, and produces rounded, flat, orange fruit that is deliciously sweet. It is non-astringent, so you can eat it while it's firm, and it is also self-pollinating! Attractive fall foliage, deciduous. Plant in full sun with moist well drained soil. **\$135.00**

25-30' T x 15-20' W
Zones 7-10
Pot Size: #7



Diospyros kaki 'Jiro'

'Jiro' Asian Persimmon — is a very popular selection in Japan, and it produces large, flattened, round orange fruit that is both seedless and sweet. It is non-astringent, so you can eat it while it's firm, and it is also self-pollinating! Attractive fall foliage, deciduous. Plant in full sun with moist well drained soil. **\$135.00**

12-15' T & W
Zones 6-9
Pot Size: #7



Ficus carica 'Brown Turkey'

'Brown Turkey' Common Fig — is the most popular and most common fig grown in the Southeast, and it is also one of the most cold tolerant. It produces 1-3" fruits in summer (and perhaps later as well) that have bronze skins and amber pulp. The taste is mild and sweet. Best fruit production will occur in full sun with moist well drained soil. Self-pollinating. **\$65.00**

15-25' T & W
Zones 6a-10
Pot Size: #5



Ficus carica 'Celeste'

'Celeste' Common Fig — produces small to medium sized pear-shaped violet to light violet fruit with red pulp and white to amber flesh, very sweet and very delicious. It is one of the most common and more reliable figs for the Southeast, and it has excellent cold tolerance. 'Celeste' is also valued for its compact size, perfect for the smaller garden. Best fruit production will occur in full sun with moist well drained soil. Self-pollinating. **\$65.00**

7-10' T x W
Zones 7-10
Pot Size: #5



Ficus carica 'Fignomenal'

'Fignomenal' Common Fig — is an exciting new fig for gardeners with limited space. The medium-sized figs are deep brown with a sweet, reddish interior, producing a prolific amount of fruit for its compact size and is ideal for container planting. This variety can be planted outdoors where it will go dormant, or kept in a pot and brought in for the winter as a houseplant, even bearing fruit indoors. Best fruit production will occur in full sun with moist well drained soil. Self-pollinating. **\$65.00**

2-3' T & W
Zones 7-9
Pot Size: #5



Trees

Sun Shrubs

Shade Shrubs

Native Azaleas

Edibles

Miscellaneous



Ficus carica 'Peter's Honey'

'Peter's Honey' Common Fig — produces crops of yellow-green fruits with sweet amber colored flesh in mid-summer. This selection was originally from Sicily and is known to be one of the sweetest. Best fruit production will occur in full sun with moist well drained soil. Self-pollinating. **\$65.00**

15-25' T & W
Zones 7-10
Pot Size: #5



Olea europaea 'Aberquina'

European Olive — is a beauty with its silvery blue-green, evergreen foliage. It begins bearing quality gourmet olives after one year. This tree is slow growing, self-pollinating, and is the most cold tolerant olive. Plant in full sun, must have good drainage, drought tolerant. The oldest olive tree in the world has been growing on the island of Crete for at least 2000 years; maybe yours will live that long. **\$100.00**

35-40' T x 20-25' W
Zones 8-11
Pot Size: #5



Prunus persica 'Belle of Georgia'

'Belle of Georgia' Dwarf Peach — is a late season, white fleshed peach that gives off a wonderful aroma and has a very sweet characteristic taste. Great for fresh eating, pies, cooking and canning. Like other peaches, it has beautiful spring flowers that attract pollinators. This tree is also self-pollinating! Plant in full sun with moist well drained soil. **\$85.00**

8-10' T & W
Zones 5-8
Pot Size: #7



Prunus persica 'Bonanza'

Bonanza Dwarf Peach — is the perfect peach for gardeners with little space. Although it is a dwarf tree, it produces delicious full-sized fruits that are blushed with red, freestone, juicy, and delicious. It can be eaten fresh, used in baking, sliced and frozen, or canned. In the spring it has beautiful bright pink flowers that will attract pollinating insects. Its diminutive size makes it a good choice for patios or to grow in containers. It prefers full sun in moist well drained soil. **\$75.00**

4-6' T & W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #5



Prunus persica 'Saturn'

'Saturn' Dwarf Peach — (a.k.a. Donut Peach) is not only famous for its unique flat shape, but it is also known for its flavorful white flesh, as well as for its productivity. Like other peaches, it has beautiful spring flowers that attract pollinators. This tree is also self-pollinating! Plant in full sun with moist well drained soil. **\$85.00**

8-10' T & W
Zones 5-8
Pot Size: #7



Trees

Sun Shrubs

Shade Shrubs

Native Azaleas

Edibles

Miscellaneous



Prunus persica 'Sunglo'

'Sunglo' Dwarf Nectarine — is a large, mid-season freestone, whose golden flesh is sweet in juicy. The fruit can be eaten fresh, but it also preserves well. Beautiful spring flowers will attract pollinators. Plant in full sun in moist well drained soil. Self-pollinating; hardy and productive. **\$85.00**

8-10' T & W
Zones 5-8
Pot Size: #7



Prunus salicina 'Santa Rosa'

'Santa Rosa' Dwarf Plum — was developed in 1906 by famed horticulturist Luther Burbank, and it has been a gardeners' favorite ever since. It is red skinned with amber colored flesh and a sweet, slightly tart flavor. The fruit typically ripens in July. 'Santa Rosa' is self-pollinating, but more fruitful when another Japanese plum is present. It has beautiful spring blooming flowers that attract pollinators. Full sun in moist well drained soil. **\$85.00**

10-12' T & W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #7



Prunus granatum 'Wonderful'

'Wonderful' Pomegranate — produces large fruit with pinkish-red skin. The sweet and tangy flesh is great for juicing and also eating fresh. Hummingbirds are attracted to the orange-red flowers that bloom in late spring into summer. The blooms are very showy and on their own are reason enough to grow this plant. Both beautiful and delicious! Plant in full sun with moist well drained soil. Heat and drought tolerant once established. Self-pollinating. **\$80.00**

10-15' T x 5-10' W
Zones 7-10
Pot Size: #7



Prunus granatum 'Kieffer'

'Keiffer' Dwarf European Pear — features large, yellow-green fruit that matures late. They are good for fresh eating and winter keeping. Showy white flowers bloom in early spring attracting pollinators. This tree is self-pollinating, but it will also pollinate other European pears! Prefers full sun in moist well drained soil; drought and wet tolerant once established, but not salt tolerant; disease resistant. **\$85.00**

8-10' T x 6-7' W
Zones 4-8
Pot Size: #7



TOLERATES WET SOIL



Prunus communis 'Red Bartlett'

'Red Bartlett' Dwarf Pear — is just like the most popular pear in the U.S., 'Bartlett', with the only difference being its beautiful blush-red skin. The sweet buttery flesh is juicy and a treat to eat fresh from the tree, or it can be canned or cooked with. Beautiful white flowers bloom in spring attracting pollinators. Pears prefer full sun in moist well drained soil. Pollinate with any other European pear except for 'Sekel'. **\$85.00**

8-10' T & W
Zones 5-8
Pot Size: #7





Prunus pyrifolia 'Hosui'

'Hosui' Dwarf Asian Pear — produces medium to large, yellow-russet skinned pears, ripening in mid-August. The fruit is snappy, tangy, very juicy, and keeps well in storage. Best for fresh eating but also great for pies and tarts. Beautiful white flowers in spring attract pollinators. Self-pollinating but also performs well with any another Asian pear. Plant in full sun with moist well drained soil. **\$85.00**

8-10' T x 6-7' W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #7



Prunus pyrifolia 'Tsu Li'

'Tsu Li' Dwarf Asian Pear — is an heirloom variety from China noted for its oblong shape, unusual for Asian pears and more like that of European pears. The flesh is crisp and juicy making it great for fresh eating, but it stores well also. Beautiful white flowers in spring attract pollinators. This variety is also fireblight resistant. Self-pollinating, but will be even more productive when another Asian pear is present. Plant in full sun with moist well drained soil. **\$85.00**

8-10' T x 6-7' W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #7



Rubus fruticosus 'Chester'

'Chester' Thornless Blackberry — produces large, very sweet fruit that ripens in July. It is great for fresh eating, jams, jellies, and baked goods. From April to May it features light pink flowers that attract a variety of pollinators. Plant in full sun in moist well drained soil. Self-pollinating. **\$35.00**

3-5' T & W
Zones 5-8
Pot Size: #2



Rubus idaeus 'Heritage Red'

'Heritage Red' Everbearing Raspberry — is one of the most popular of all raspberries. It bears two crops, a small one in early summer, and another in early fall until frost. The dark red fruit is large, sweet, and juicy, great for fresh eating as well as for canning and freezing. The white flowers are attractive in spring and attract a variety of pollinators. Prefers full sun in moist well drained soil. Self-pollinating. **\$35.00**

4-5' T x 3-4' W
Zones 4-8
Pot Size: #2



Sambucus canadensis

American Black Elderberry — is wide-spread throughout eastern North America, including Coastal Virginia. In late spring to early summer is has showy clusters of white, fragrant flowers that attract a number of beneficial pollinators. In late summer the nearly black fruit forms and is relished by birds and small mammals. The fruit can also made into juice, wine, jams, and jellies. Prefers full to part sun in moist soil; tolerant of wet soils. **\$30.00**

5-12' T & W
Zones 3-9
Pot Size: #3





Vaccinium Ashei

Southern Rabbiteye Blueberries — offer multi-season interest with white to pale pink flowers in late winter that attract early pollinators, colorful (and delicious!) summer fruit, and fantastic fall foliage. They will grow in full sun to partial shade, but best fruit production will be in full sun. They must be pollinated with a different variety of southern rabbiteye blueberry, and while you are at it – plant yet another one for the birds! We will offer 3 varieties in two sizes each:

‘Climax’ is an early ripening blueberry that produces medium fruit with a sweet flavor. Its growth habit is upright, and it has intense green foliage.

‘Premier’ is an early to mid-season producer with large fruit that possesses excellent flavor. It is also highly productive.

‘Tifblue’ is a mid-season ripening plant with medium to large berries, and an upright vigorous habit.

All varieties are **\$18.00 for a #1 size and \$35.00 for a #3**

8-12' T x 6-10' W
Zones 6-9



NBG Horticulturist III Andrew prepares to plant a pawpaw, *Asimina triloba*, in the Flowering Arboretum.



Hesperaloe parviflora

Red Yucca — is a member of the Agave family with attractive blue-green spiky foliage. In late spring to early fall, red flower stalks arise above the foliage and are covered with coral-red flowers that have golden yellow centers. Hummingbirds are very attracted to the blooms, but butterflies and other pollinators will visit as well. Red yucca needs full sun and it must have excellent drainage. It is tolerant of heat, drought, pollution, urban conditions, poor soil, salt, and deer. **\$55.00**

3-5' T x 4-6' W
Zones 6a-10b
Pot Size: #3



Muhlenbergia capillaris

Pink Muhly Grass — is a Coastal Virginia native grass with indistinct blue-green foliage for most of the season, then in early fall it brightens the landscape with beautiful, misty, smoke-like clouds of pink blooms. Attractive to butterflies and birds. It prefers full sun in very well drained soil; salt, drought, and heat tolerant; deer resistant. Deciduous. **\$12.00**

2-3' T & W
Zones 5-9
Pot Size: #1



Muhlenbergia capillaris 'White Cloud'

'White Cloud' Muhly Grass — is the white blooming version of the popular pink blooming muhly grass. The autumn blooming plumes of this Coastal Virginia native are a bit more elegant, more upright, age more gracefully, and are less prone to flopping. The flowers attract a few butterflies, and birds like the seeds. It prefers full sun in very well drained soil; drought, heat, salt, and deer tolerant. **\$30.00**

3-4' T & W
Zones 7-10
Pot Size: #3



Sabal minor

Dwarf Palmetto — is a hardy Southeast native palm that grows with a clumping shrubby habit, most of the trunk is underground. The flowers attract pollinators and the ripened fruit attracts birds and other wildlife. Both rise above the leaves on long stalks which may bend to the ground. Full sun to part shade in moist soil; tolerant of wet soils, drought, deer, and salt. No winter protection needed in Coastal Virginia, and it is a very easy way to add a touch of the tropics to your garden. **\$35.00**

4-6' T x 4-6' W
Zones 7-10
Pot Size: #3



Yucca filamentosa 'Color Guard'

'Color Guard' Yucca — with slightly arching, sword-shaped, striped foliage of creamy-white against dark green provides great architectural interest. Showy spires of fragrant snow-white blooms in summer attract hummingbirds and moths. This evergreen is ideal as an accent or container specimen, or used in mass plantings. Needs full sun and excellent drainage; tolerant of wind, heat, humidity, salt, deer, and drought. Despite its Southwestern look, this plant is native in Coastal Virginia and does very well here. **\$25.00**

3-4' T & W
Zones 4-10
Pot Size: #1



Trees

Sun Shrubs

Shade Shrubs

Native Azaleas

Edibles

Miscellaneous

Fall is the time for hearty cakes and relishing the gifts of the autumn harvest. This recipe combines the sweet, soft flavors of figs with comforting autumn spices, nutty almonds, and a fluffy custard.

Recipe for 9" pie pan, this tart has 3 layers: a shortcrust, a frangipani cake, and a custard.



Ingredients:

2 sticks unsalted butter
 1 ½ cups (190 g) plus 5
 tbsp all-purpose flour (or 1:1
 measured gluten free plus a
 pinch of cream of tartar)
 4 eggs
 1 egg yolk
 ¼ cup powdered sugar
 ¾ cup granulated sugar
 ¼ cup heavy whipping cream
 Zest of 1 orange
 3 tsp orange juice
 3 tsp vanilla
 3 tsp salt
 1 cup chopped almonds
 Cinnamon, nutmeg, and
 cloves, to taste (a little goes a
 long way)
 1 pound of figs
 1-2 tbsp honey

Part I. Make the crust

1. Combine 1 stick of butter with the powdered sugar in a mixing bowl. Combine until incorporated, do not over-mix.
2. Add the egg yolk and stir until combined
3. Add spices, 1 ½ cups (190 g) of flour, salt (plus cream of tartar if gluten free flour is being used), 1 tsp of vanilla, and 1 tsp orange juice. Mix until the dough starts to form, though it may be a little crumbly. Do not over-work the dough.
4. Transfer the dough to a 1-gallon freezer bag and flatten into a disc. Let chill 3 hours or overnight
5. Once your dough is chilled, preheat the oven to 400F and remove your pie crust from the fridge.
6. Cut the bag open onto a piece of parchment paper on top of a firm, flat surface. Place another piece of parchment on top of the dough and roll out the dough until it is evened out and big enough to fit a 9" pie pan
7. Remove the top piece of parchment. Place your pie pan upside-down onto the center of the dough. Holding the flat surface with one hand and the pie pan with the other, flip everything over so the shortcrust now sits on top of the pie pan. Carefully remove the flat surface and the parchment, and gently push the shortcrust into the pan.
8. Let cool in fridge for 30 minutes-overnight

Part II. Making the frangipani

1. Preheat oven to 400F
2. In a mixing bowl, combine ½ a stick of butter (4 tbsp) with ½ cup sugar.
3. Add in 2 eggs, followed by 1 tsp vanilla, 1 tsp of orange juice, cinnamon, a pinch of salt, 2 tbsp flour and 1 cup of crushed almonds. The frangipani should be a thick cake-like batter.
4. Remove pie pan from fridge, let frangipani cool for 5-15 minutes.
5. With a fork, perforate the shortcrust to prevent air pockets
6. Place in oven for 15 minutes to par-bake the crust

Part III. Making the Custard

1. Rinse and dry the figs. Cut in halves or quarters and set aside.
2. In a mixing bowl, combine the last 2 eggs with remaining ¼ cup sugar.
3. Melt the remaining 4tbsp of butter and let cool.
4. Whisk in zest, salt, 1tsp vanilla, 1 tsp juice, melted butter, and 3 tbsp flour.
5. On a faster setting, slowly pour in the heavy whipping cream.

Part IV. Assembling the tart

1. Let the shortcrust cool for 15 minutes in the pie pan before adding the fillings. Set oven temp to 350 degrees.
2. Remove the frangipani from the fridge and pour into the pie pan.
3. Add the custard layer, even out with a spatula or gently shake the pie pan. The pan should be about ¾ full.
4. Place your fig slices along the top of the custard layer. Do not push them in, they will sink as the tart bakes.
5. Bake pie for 35-45 minutes, until custard layer starts to brown on top
6. Let the baked tart cool for at least 3 hours to let the custard layer settle. Drizzle with honey and serve at room temp.

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